

## Properties of ionic and covalent compounds

### Aims

To investigate the conduction of electricity by a number of compounds in aqueous solution (dissolved in water). Some of these compounds are ionic and some are covalent.

### Apparatus

Goggles  
Bench mat  
100cm<sup>3</sup> beaker  
Stirring rod  
Two carbon electrodes  
Battery, bulb and wires  
De-ionised water

Reagents to test:  
copper(II) sulphate  
ethanol solution  
magnesium sulphate  
potassium iodide  
sodium chloride  
sugar solution



### Methods

1. Connect the battery, bulb and wires to the two carbon electrodes.  
Check that the everything works before carrying on.
2. Put two spatulas of potassium iodide in the beaker, and add about 15cm<sup>3</sup> of de-ionised water.  
Stir carefully to dissolve the potassium iodide.
3. Lower the carbon electrodes into the potassium iodide solution. Observe whether the bulb lights.  
Also check for the production (evolution) of gas (make a note of which electrode), or any colour change. Carefully note down your observations in a suitable table (suggested headings below).
4. Carefully rinse out the beaker and electrodes.  
Repeat steps 2 and 3 with each of the remaining substances (the ethanol and sugar are already in aqueous solution, and can be used without diluting). Try de-ionised water or tap water on their own.

### Results

Record your results in a suitable table, such as the one below.

Substance	Does the solution conduct electricity?	Observations (e.g. ease of dissolving, gas production, colour change)	Ionic or covalent?
Potassium iodide solution			

### Analysis and Evaluation

1. What do your results show?
2. Why is gas evolved by some solutions (showing that they conduct electricity) but the bulb does not light?

## Properties of ionic and covalent compounds

### Technicians' notes

#### Per class:

250cm<sup>3</sup> of approximately 5% ethanol in distilled water (**care: harmful**)

Label it "Ethanol solution: Harmful ☒"

250cm<sup>3</sup> of approximately 1% sugar solution

Label it "Sugar solution: Harmful ☒"

sodium chloride

magnesium sulphate

potassium iodide

copper(II) sulphate

de-ionised water (wash bottles etc.)

4 x spatulas

#### Per pair:

2 x goggles

1 x bench mat

1 x 100cm<sup>3</sup> beaker

1 x stirring rod

1 x pair of carbon rods in bung

1 x battery, bulb and two wires